

OTAIKA VALLEY SCHOOL

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

School Directory

Ministry Number: 1068

Principal: Rick Sayer

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Accountant / Service Provider: Education Services.

Dedicated to your school



OTAIKA VALLEY SCHOOL

Annual Financial Statements - For the year ended 31 December 2024

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Otaika Valley School

Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2024

The Board accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the Principal and others, as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the School's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2024 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the School.

The School's 2024 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

Melissa Russell	Richard Sayer
Full Name of Presiding Member	Full Name of Principal
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Signature of Presiding Member	Signature of Principal
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26/05/2025	26/05/2025
Date:	Date:



Otaika Valley School Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

For the year ended 31 December 2024

		2024	2024 Budget	2023
	Notes	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Revenue				
Government Grants	2	1,727,218	1,440,976	1,620,398
Locally Raised Funds	3	71,252	40,500	51,868
Interest		9,710	2,000	10,207
Other Revenue		651	-	-
Total Revenue	_	1,808,831	1,483,476	1,682,473
Expense				
Locally Raised Funds	3	32,933	26,500	36,856
Learning Resources	4	1,213,414	1,087,578	1,088,401
Administration	5	244,712	101,018	256,868
Interest		793	492	945
Property	6	308,009	257,806	322,842
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment		1,187	-	-
Total Expense	-	1,801,048	1,473,394	1,705,912
Net Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		7,783	10,082	(23,439)
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense		-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year	<u>-</u>	7,783	10,082	(23,439)

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Otaika Valley School Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2024

		2024	2024 Budget	2023
No	tes	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Equity at 1 January	_	289,849	312,970	307,281
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year Contributions from the Ministry of Education - Furniture and Equipment Grant		7,783 -	10,082	(23,439) 6,007
Equity at 31 December	_	297,632	323,052	289,849
Accumulated comprehensive revenue and expense		297,632	323,052	289,849
Equity at 31 December	_	297,632	323,052	289,849

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Otaika Valley School Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2024

	Notes	2024	2024 Budget	2023
			Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	110,735	137,605	684,299
Accounts Receivable	8	73,018	102,616	77,192
GST Receivable		5,018	1,263	-
Prepayments		7,837	3,243	11,213
Inventories	9	-	867	393
Funds Receivable for Capital Works Projects	15	89,356	-	1,983
	-	285,964	245,594	775,080
Current Liabilities				
GST Payable		-	-	45,773
Accounts Payable	11	104,387	118,849	153,044
Revenue Received in Advance	12	2,404	2,400	5,284
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	13	49,430	21,471	37,359
Finance Lease Liability	14	4,068	4,832	5,833
Funds held for Capital Works Projects	15	17,129	-	347,818
	-	177,418	147,552	595,111
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)		108,546	98,042	179,969
Non-current Assets Property, Plant and Equipment	10	208,220	230,847	136,507
1 Toporty, Flant and Equipment	10	200,220	250,047	100,007
	_	208,220	230,847	136,507
Non-current Liabilities				
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	13	17,038	2,494	21,689
Finance Lease Liability	14	2,096	3,343	4,938
	-	19,134	5,837	26,627
Net Assets	- =	297,632	323,052	289,849
Equity	_	297,632	323,052	289,849

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Otaika Valley School Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2024

		2024	2024 Budget	2023
	Note	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Cash flows from Operating Activities				
Government Grants		459,451	395,680	417,181
Locally Raised Funds		72,604	40,500	50,877
Goods and Services Tax (net)		(50,791)	-	47,036
Payments to Employees		(335,711)	(242,184)	(285,513)
Payments to Suppliers		(144,523)	(239,631)	(166,504)
Interest Paid		(793)	(492)	(945)
Interest Received		9,590	2,000	10,211
Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities	-	9,827	(44,127)	72,343
Cash flows from Investing Activities				
Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles)		(137,708)	(88,000)	(45,006)
Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities	-	(137,708)	(88,000)	(45,006)
Cash flows from Financing Activities				
Furniture and Equipment Grant		-	-	6,007
Finance Lease Payments		(4,272)	(5,728)	(4,572)
Funds Administered on Behalf of Other Parties		(441,411)	-	380,067
Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities	-	(445,683)	(5,728)	381,502
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	- =	(573,564)	(137,855)	408,839
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	7	684,299	275,460	275,460
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	7	110,735	137,605	684,299

The Statement of Cash Flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries, use of land and buildings grant and expense and other notional items have been excluded.

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Otaika Valley School Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2024

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

a) Reporting Entity

Otaika Valley School (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a School as described in the Education and Training Act 2020. The Board is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

b) Basis of Preparation

Reporting Period

The financial statements have been prepared for the period 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 and in accordance with the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education and Training Act 2020 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements with reference to generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared with reference to generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The School is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as 'having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders'.

PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the School is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expense threshold of \$33 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Cyclical maintenance

The School recognises its obligation to maintain the Ministry's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the School buildings. The estimate is based on the School's best estimate of the cost of painting the School and when the School is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the School's condition. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its painting maintenance plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at note 13.



Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment, as disclosed in the significant accounting policies, are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 10.

Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

Classification of leases

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the School. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee. In contrast, an operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee.

Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised. Finance lease liability disclosures are contained in note 14. Future operating lease commitments are disclosed in note 20b.

Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carry forward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

c) Revenue Recognition

Government Grants

The School receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives:

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Other Ministry Grants for directly funded programs are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly by the Ministry of Education.

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. Grants for the use of land and buildings are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes.

This is a non-cash revenue that is offset by a non-cash expense. The use of land and buildings grants and associated expenditure are recorded in the period the School uses the land and buildings.

Other Grants where conditions exist

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.



Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recognised as an asset and revenue when the right to receive funding or the asset has been established unless there is an obligation to return funds if conditions are not met. If conditions are not met, funding is recognised as revenue in advance and recognised as revenue when conditions are satisfied.

Interest Revenue

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

d) Operating Lease Payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

e) Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

f) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

g) Accounts Receivable

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for expected credit losses (uncollectable debts). The School's receivables are largely made up of funding from the Ministry of Education. Therefore the level of uncollectable debts is not considered to be material. However, short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

h) Inventories

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and comprised of Stationery and Uniforms. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

i) Investments

Bank term deposits are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. A loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised if the estimated loss allowance is material.

i) Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements (funded by the Board) to buildings owned by the Crown or directly by the Board are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value, as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Gains and losses on disposals (i.e. sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (i.e. the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Finance Leases

A finance lease transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the surplus or deficit over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the School will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.



Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:

Board-owned Buildings

Building Improvements

Furniture and Equipment

Information and Communication Technology

Motor Vehicles

Textbooks

Library Resources

40 years

18 years

5-15 years

4-10 years

5 years

8 years

Leased Assets held under a Finance Lease Term of Lease

k) Impairment of property, plant, and equipment

The School does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If such indication exists, the School estimates the asset's recoverable service amount. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

In determining fair value less costs to sell, the School engages an independent valuer to assess market value based on the best available information. The valuation is based on a comparison to recent market transactions.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in surplus or deficit. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.

I) Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

m) Employee Entitlements

Short-term employee entitlements

Employee entitlements that are expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees provide the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date and annual leave earned, by non teaching staff, but not yet taken at balance date.

Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are not expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employee provides the related service, such as retirement and long service leave, have been calculated on an actuarial basis.

The calculations are based on the likely future entitlements accruing to employees, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that employees will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows. Remeasurements are recognised in surplus or deficit in the period in which they arise.



n) Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from students and grants received where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees or grants are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees or grants are earned.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the refund of unearned fees in relation to students, should the School be unable to provide the services to which they relate.

o) Funds Held in Trust

Funds are held in trust where they have been received by the School for a specified purpose, or are being held on behalf of a third party and these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

p) Funds held for Capital works

The School directly receives funding from the Ministry of Education for capital works projects that are included in the School five year capital works agreement. These funds are held on behalf and for a specified purpose. As such, these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

q) Shared Funds

Shared Funds are held on behalf of a cluster of participating schools as agreed with the Ministry of Education. In instances where funds are outside of the School's control, these amounts are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose.

r) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the school, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision is a reasonable estimate, based on the School's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition.

The School carries out painting maintenance of the whole school over a 7 to 10 year period. The economic outflow of this is dependent on the plan established by the School to meet this obligation and is detailed in the notes and disclosures of these accounts.

s) Financial Instruments

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Investments that are shares are categorised as 'financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expense' for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards. On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the School may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive revenue and expense. This election has been made for investments that are shares. Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in surplus or deficit unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expense and are never reclassified to surplus or deficit.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, borrowings, finance lease liability, and painting contract liability. Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and any gain or loss on derecognition are recognised in surplus or deficit.



t) Borrowings

Borrowings on normal commercial terms are initially recognised at the amount borrowed plus transaction costs. Interest due on the borrowings is subsequently accrued and added to the borrowings balance. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the School has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after balance date.

u) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statement of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

v) Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board.

w) Services received in-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.



2. Government Grants

	2024	2024 Budget	2023
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Government Grants - Ministry of Education	526,444	397,646	397,337
Teachers' Salaries Grants	856,320	863,686	853,302
Use of Land and Buildings Grants	216,254	179,644	206,608
Ka Ora, Ka Ako - Healthy School Lunches Programme	126,729	-	153,368
Other Government Grants	1,471	-	9,783
	1,727,218	1,440,976	1,620,398

3. Locally Raised Funds

Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:

200al failud failud Wallin the Contool Community are made up on	2024	2024 Budget	2023
Revenue	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Donations and Bequests	21,996	6,000	10,137
Fees for Extra Curricular Activities	5,371	2,500	6,123
Trading	200	-	452
Fundraising and Community Grants	9,908	5,000	4,364
After School Care	33,777	27,000	30,792
	71,252	40,500	51,868
Expense			
Extra Curricular Activities Costs	3,882	-	5,430
Trading	393	-	474
After School Care	28,658	26,500	30,952
	32,933	26,500	36,856
Surplus for the year Locally Raised Funds	38,319	14,000	15,012

4. Learning Resources

	Budget		
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Curricular	39,058	31,400	39,477
Information and Communication Technology	8,352	700	2,882
Employee Benefits - Salaries	1,109,420	1,004,630	1,006,559
Staff Development	15,354	22,900	8,341
Depreciation	38,537	24,483	26,698
Other Learning Resources	2,693	3,465	4,444
	1,213,414	1,087,578	1,088,401

2024

2024

2023



5. Administration

	2024	2024 Budget	2023
	Actual \$	(Unaudited)	Actual \$
Audit Fees	8,118	5,500	5,411
Board Fees and Expenses	4,826	4,000	4,971
Operating Leases	400	-	-
Other Administration Expenses	24,129	25,088	23,469
Employee Benefits - Salaries	69,369	57,439	58,678
Insurance	1,865	339	1,695
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	9,276	8,652	9,276
Ka Ora, Ka Ako - Healthy School Lunch Programme	126,729	-	153,368
	244,712	101,018	256,868

6. Property

	2024	2024 Budget	2023
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Consultancy and Contract Services	-	-	10,464
Cyclical Maintenance	7,420	6,862	14,307
Heat, Light and Water	9,991	13,000	17,728
Repairs and Maintenance	13,694	9,800	23,619
Use of Land and Buildings	216,254	179,644	206,608
Employee Benefits - Salaries	50,777	43,800	38,683
Other Property Expenses	9,873	4,700	11,433
	308,009	257,806	322,842

The use of land and buildings figure represents 5% of the school's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.



7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

·	2024	2024 Budget	2023
Bank Accounts	Actual \$ 110,735	(Unaudited) \$ 137,605	Actual \$ 684,299
Cash and cash equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows	110,735	137,605	684,299

The carrying value of short-term deposits with original maturity dates of 90 days or less approximates their fair value.

Of the \$110,735 Cash and Cash Equivalents, \$17,129 is held by the School on behalf of the Ministry of Education. These funds have been provided by the Ministry as part of the school's 5 Year Agreement funding for upgrades to the school's buildings and include retentions on the projects, if applicable. The funds are required to be spent in 2025 on Crown owned school buildings.

Of the \$110,735 Cash and Cash Equivalents, \$2,404 of Revenue Received in Advance is held by the school, as disclosed in note 12.

8. Accounts Receivable

	2024	2024 Budget	2023
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Receivables	438	15,220	1,051
Receivables from the Ministry of Education	2,962	-	-
Interest Receivable	120	4	-
Banking Staffing Underuse	-	-	6,318
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	69,498	87,392	69,823
	73,018	102,616	77,192
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	558	15,224	1,051
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	72,460	87,392	76,141
	73,018	102,616	77,192

9. Inventories

	2024	2024 Budget	2023
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Stationery	-	763	393
Uniforms	-	104	-
	<u> </u>	867	393

2024

2024

2022



10. Property, Plant and Equipment

2024	Opening Balance (NBV) \$	Additions \$	Disposals \$	Impairment	Depreciation	Total (NBV)
Building Improvements	19,372	-	-	-	(1,918)	17,454
Furniture and Equipment	83,451	98,021	(1,187)	-	(20,096)	160,189
Information and Communication Technology	15,159	10,745	-	-	(8,310)	17,594
Leased Assets	10,909	1,586	-	-	(6,125)	6,370
Library Resources	7,616	1,085	-	-	(2,088)	6,613
	136,507	111,437	(1,187)	-	(38,537)	208,220

The net carrying value of equipment held under a finance lease is \$6,370 (2023: \$10,909) *Restrictions*

With the exception of the contractual restrictions related to the above noted finance leases, there are no restrictions over the title of the school's property, plant and equipment, nor are any property, plant and equipment pledged as security for liabilities.

	2024	2024	2024	2023	2023	2023
	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Building Improvements	65,917	(48,463)	17,454	67,861	(48,489)	19,372
Furniture and Equipment	294,713	(134,524)	160,189	224,182	(140,731)	83,451
Information and Communication Technology	134,823	(117,229)	17,594	135,257	(120,098)	15,159
Leased Assets	13,469	(7,099)	6,370	21,457	(10,548)	10,909
Library Resources	51,905	(45,292)	6,613	50,820	(43,204)	7,616
	560,827	(352,607)	208,220	499,577	(363,070)	136,507

11. Accounts Payable

	2024	2024 Budget	2023
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Creditors	22,725	25,518	68,010
Accruals	8,118	5,253	10,664
Employee Entitlements - Salaries	69,498	87,392	69,823
Employee Entitlements - Leave Accrual	4,046	686	4,547
	104,387	118,849	153,044
Payables for Exchange Transactions	104,387	118,849	153,044
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Taxes Payable (PAYE and Rates)	-	-	-
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Other	-	-	-
	104,387	118,849	153,044
T	·	·	·

The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.



12. Revenue Received in Advance

	2024	2024 Budget	2023
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Grants in Advance - Ministry of Education	-	-	2,876
Other Revenue In Advance	2,404	2,400	2,408
	2,404	2,400	5,284

13. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

	2024	2024 Budget	2023
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Provision at the Start of the Year	59,048	17,103	44,741
Increase to the Provision During the Year	7,920	6,862	6,619
Use of the Provision During the Year	-	-	-
Other Adjustments	(500)	-	7,688
Provision at the End of the Year	66,468	23,965	59,048
Cyclical Maintenance - Current	49,430	21,471	37,359
Cyclical Maintenance - Non current	17,038	2,494	21,689
	66,468	23,965	59,048

Per the cyclical maintenance schedule, the School is next expected to undertake painting works during 2025. This plan is based on the schools 10 Year Property plan / painting quotes.

14. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2024	2024 Budget	2023
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
No Later than One Year	4,454	4,832	6,533
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	2,196	3,343	5,290
Future Finance Charges	(486)	-	(1,052)
	6,164	8,175	10,771
Represented by			
Finance lease liability - Current	4,068	4,832	5,833
Finance lease liability - Non current	2,096	3,343	4,938
	6,164	8,175	10,771



17,129

(89,356)

15. Funds Held for Capital Works Projects

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Ministry of Education for the following capital works projects. The amount of cash held on behalf of the Ministry for capital works project is included under cash and cash equivalents in note 7, and includes retentions on the projects, if applicable.

	2024	Project No.	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$	Board Contributions	Closing Balances \$
AIMS Combined		229101	347,818	71,789	(508,963)	-	(89,356)
Site: Drainage Project		246051	(1,983)	55,211	(46,807)	-	6,421
2: Design and Additional Staff Toilet		246539	-	27,450	(16,742)	-	10,708
Totals			345,835	154,450	(572,512)	-	(72,227)

Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education
Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education

2023	Project No.	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$	Board Contributions	Closing Balances \$
LSC Space	218867	(7,549)	7,549	-	-	-
AIMS Combined	229101	2,508	405,905	(60,595)	-	347,818
Toilet Block	225274	(11,626)	11,626	· -	-	-
Storm Damage May 2023: Remediation Work	243254	-	3,949	(3,949)	-	-
Site: Drainage Project	246051	-	-	(1,983)	-	(1,983)
Totals	•	(16,667)	429,029	(66,527)	-	345,835

Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education

Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education

(1,983)

16. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the School. The School enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the School would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.



17. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all Board members, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of Departments.

	2024 Actual \$	2023 Actual \$
Board Members		
Remuneration	2,395	2,555
Leadership Team		
Remuneration	383,986	363,846
Full-time equivalent members	3.00	3.00
Total key management personnel remuneration	386,381	366,401

There are 5 members of the Board excluding the Principal. The Board has held 8 full meetings of the Board in the year. The Board also has Finance (1 members) and Property (2 members) committees that met 0 and 0 times respectively. As well as these regular meetings, including preparation time, the Presiding Member and other Board members have also been involved in ad hoc meetings to consider student welfare matters including stand downs, suspensions, and other disciplinary matters.

Principal 1

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

	2024	2023
	Actual	Actual
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:	\$000	\$000
Salary and Other Payments	150 - 160	140 - 150
Benefits and Other Emoluments	4 - 5	4 - 5
Termination Benefits	-	-

Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration	2024	2023
\$000	FTE Number	FTE Number
100 - 110	3.00	2.00
110 - 120	0.00	1.00
120 - 130	1.00	0.00
	4.00	3.00

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.

18. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

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The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be board members, committee members, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2024	2023
	Actual	Actual
Total	\$0	\$0
Number of People	0	0



Remaining

2023

19. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities (except as noted below) and no contingent assets as at 31 December 2024 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2023: nil).

Holidays Act Compliance - Schools Payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of boards, through payroll service provider Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry continues to review the Schools Sector Payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003. An initial remediation payment has been made to some current school employees. The Ministry is continuing to perform detailed analysis to finalise calculations and the potential impacts of specific individuals. As such, this is expected to resolve the liability for school boards.

Pay Equity and Collective Agreement Funding Wash-up

In 2024 the Ministry of Education provided additional funding for both the Support Staff in Schools' Collective Agreement (CA) Settlement and the Teacher Aide Pay Equity Settlement. At the date of signing the financial statements the School's final entitlement for the year ended 31 December 2024 has not yet been advised. The School has therefore not recognised an asset or liability regarding this funding wash-up, which is expected to be settled in July 2025.

20. Commitments

(a) Capital Commitments

As at 31 December 2024, the Board had capital commitments of \$13,758 (2023: \$229,030) as a result of entering the following contracts:

	Capital
Contract Name	Commitment
	\$
2: Design and Additional Staff Toilet	13,758

Total 13,758

The Board receives funding from the Ministry of Education for Capital Works which is disclosed in note 15

(b) Operating Commitments

As at 31 December 2024, the Board has entered into the following contracts:

(a) operating lease of photocopiers;

	Actual	Actual
	\$	\$
No later than One Year	600	-
Later than One Year and No Later than Five Years	800	-
Later than Five Years	-	-
	1,400	-

The total lease payments incurred during the period were \$400 (2023: \$0).

2024



21. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Financial assets measured at amortised cost			
	2024	2024 Budget	2023
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	110,735	137,605	684,299
Receivables	73,018	102,616	77,192
Investments - Term Deposits	-	-	-
Total financial assets measured at amortised cost	183,753	240,221	761,491
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
Payables	104.387	118.849	153,044
Finance Leases	6,164	8,175	10,771
Total financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	110,551	127,024	163,815

22. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.

23. Comparatives

There have been a number of prior period comparatives which have been reclassified to make disclosure consistent with the current year.



Otaika Valley School

Members of the Board

How	Term
Position	Expired/
Gained	Expires
Elected	Sep 2025
ex Officio	
Appointed	Dec 2024
Co-opted	Dec 2024
Co-opted	Sep 2025
Elected	Sep 2025
Elected	Jul 2024
Elected	Dec 2024
Elected	Sep 2025
	Position Gained Elected ex Officio Appointed Co-opted Co-opted Elected Elected Elected



Otaika Valley School

Kiwisport

Kiwisport is a Government funding initiative to support students' participation in organised sport. In 2024, the school received total Kiwisport funding of \$2,169 (excluding GST). The funding was spent on sporting endeavours.

Statement of Compliance with Employment Policy

For the year ended 31st December 2024 the Otaika Valley School Board:

- Has developed and implemented personnel policies, within policy and procedural frameworks to ensure the fair and proper treatment of employees in all aspects of their employment
- Has reviewed its compliance against both its personnel policy and procedures and can report that it meets all requirements and identified best practice.
- Is a good employer and complies with the conditions contained in the employment contracts of all staff employed by the Board.
- Ensures all employees and applicants for employment are treated according to their skills, qualifications and abilities, without bias or discrimination.
- Meets all Equal Employment Opportunities requirements.